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Parametric Insurance



It is a type of insurance contract in which the insured is protected against the occurrence of a specific event, in which, based on the magnitude of the event a prefixed amount of claim is paid.

Parametric solutions are structured based on two key elements:

I. Triggered event

Fortuitous – event happening by chance rather than by design

Correlated to the loss

Enough data is available to model the event

II. Payout mechanism

Payment of pre-agreed amount on exceeding pre-agreed index

Parametric Insurance





An example is a policy that pays Rs.1 crore, if an earthquake with magnitude 5.0 or greater occurs as measured by the Richter scale. (Triggered event- Earthquake and payout threshold – magnitude 5.0 on Richter scale.)

Parametric Ins vs. Traditional Ins



Traditional Insurance involves detailed **policy wordings with complex rating parameters** whereas parametric insurance is limited but more straightforward.

This unique structure brings in efficiency in expenses for the insurance company and increased liquidity (quick payouts) for the customer

The key point to note is that *parametric insurance does not indemnify for actual losses*. This results into a risk inherent in every parametric based product – Basis Risk

Basis Risk



"With parametric products, basis risk refers to the near-miss factor"

- Though basis risk is not completely unique to parametric products
 Exclusions, limits, terms and conditions present in the traditional indemnity policy also represent basis risk.
- Organizations may find the payout to be too small or too large as compared to actual losses - under parametric model.
- To mitigate the risk:
 - Structured payout in a step fashion rather than all-or-nothing.
 - Product can also have multiple trigger point

Rethinking Risk with Parametric Insurance Conference Actuaries

"If one can meaningfully connect risk to a given data set, there's an opportunity to employ parametric insurance"

A building block for microinsurance

An insurance which helps the banks to offer credit to farmers for cultivation of agricultural products as it is backed by a parametric drought/excess rainfall cover.

Weather linked Livestock Insurance

As reported in United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC), a rise in temperature by 2-4° C by 2050s will negatively impact milk production by more than 15 million tons by 2050 with respect to current levels of production.

Index-based Agriculture Insurance using satellite imagery data:

To predict the loss in forage and vegetation in the drought prone arid and semi-arid regions using vegetative index like NDVI

Making Smart Insurance a reality



The automatic payment in-built into parametric insurance makes a natural connection with blockchain (DLT – Distributed Ledger Technology) and makes way for issuance of smart insurance. The only prerequisite is that it requires trusted data sources and secure transactions.





Challenges and Outlook

- Gaining regulatory approval
- Obtaining reliable data to model the risk the insured is concerned about.
- Educating people, clients and intermediaries, about how parametric products work - explain what it does and does not do

Big data and related technologies are driving insurers and customers to rethink what's possible with a parametric insurance model and hence parametric insurance is something worth keeping an eye on.



Thank You



The views expressed here are personal